



3. Three of the following economic activities are carried out in the area covered by the map except one. Which one is it?
  - A. Mining.
  - B. Trading.
  - C. Farming.
  - D. Fishing.
4. Which of these natural vegetation is found in the South Eastern part of Geta area?
  - A. Shrubs.
  - B. Scrub.
  - C. Forest.
  - D. Papyrus reeds.
5. Geta area is LIKELY to be a
  - A. Location.
  - B. Sub-location.
  - C. District.
  - D. Division.
6. The cattle dip is an evidence of one of the following economic activities. Which one is it?
  - A. Livestock farming.
  - B. Fish farming.
  - C. Sawmilling.
  - D. Cash crop farming.
7. Which of these statements about Geta area is NOT true?
  - A. All parts of Geta area receive low rainfall.
  - B. There are health services in Geta area.
  - C. Children are provided with education in Geta area.
  - D. River Geta has its source in the forest.
8. Which of these compass points is directly to the opposite of North?
  - A. East.
  - B. West.
  - C. South.
  - D. North East.
9. The sun sets in one of the following directions. Which one is it?
  - A. North.
  - B. South.
  - C. West.
  - D. East.
10. Rivers that flow only during the wet season are known as
  - A. Wet rivers.
  - B. Dry rivers.
  - C. Seasonal rivers.
  - D. Permanent rivers.
11. Which of these physical features are raised parts of land that are higher than hills?
  - A. Rivers.
  - B. Oceans.
  - C. Valleys.
  - D. Mountains.
12. Large areas made up of low flat land are known as
  - A. Plateaus.
  - B. Plains.
  - C. Islands.
  - D. Valleys.
13. Three of the following are physical features. Which one is NOT?
  - A. Valleys.
  - B. Bridges.
  - C. Plains.
  - D. Hills.
14. The following are types of natural vegetation. Which one is NOT?
  - A. Forest vegetation.
  - B. Savannah grassland.
  - C. Scrub vegetation.
  - D. Artificial vegetation.
15. Which of these physical features is found along rivers and attracts many tourists?
  - A. Plateaus.
  - B. Waterfalls.
  - C. Hills.
  - D. Oceans.



79. "This is my own dear son, with whom I am pleased". These words were spoken during the baptism of Jesus by
- Mary.
  - Joseph.
  - God.
  - Simon.
80. Which of these books of the Bible is found in the New Testament?
- Ezra.
  - Psalms.
  - Nehemiah.
  - Matthew.
81. Jesus cleansed the temple in Jerusalem. He found people changing money and selling
- Pigeons.
  - Cattle.
  - Sheep.
  - Goats.
82. "Your sins are forgiven my friend", These words were spoken by Jesus when He healed
- The paralysed man.
  - Simon Peter's mother-in-law.
  - The ten lepers.
  - The blind man.
83. Church leaders and helpers should
- Be corrupt.
  - Love money.
  - Be tolerant.
  - Have many wives.
84. In the past Africans worshipped God in Holy places called
- Shrines.
  - Mosques.
  - Caves.
  - Forests.
85. Which of these communities is CORRECTLY matched with its name for God?
- Agikuyu – Jehovah.
  - Abagusii – Were.
  - Giriama – Asis.
  - Maasai – Enkai.
86. We talk to God through
- Praying.
  - Complaining.
  - Sleeping.
  - Dreaming.
87. Judas betrayed Jesus for
- Twenty silver coins.
  - Fifteen silver coins.
  - Thirty silver coins.
  - Ten silver coins.
88. Three of the following are fruits of the Holy Spirit. Which one is NOT?
- Self-control.
  - Kindness.
  - Faithfulness.
  - Preaching.
89. Jesus was crucified on Mount
- Olives.
  - Calvary.
  - Horeb.
  - Ararat.
90. Priscilla was given two hundred shillings as balance by the shopkeeper instead of one hundred. As a Christian what should she do?
- Thank God for getting an extra one hundred shilling note.
  - Offer the extra money to her local church.
  - Return the extra money to the shopkeeper.
  - Share the extra money with her close friends.

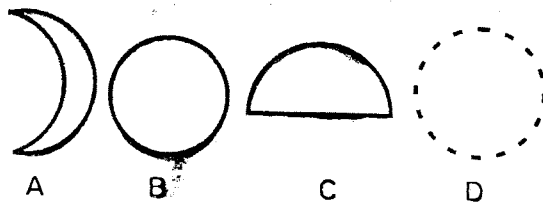


# HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION STANDARD 4 – 2016 SCIENCE

Time: 1 Hour 40 minutes

- Which one of the following is not a characteristic of animals?  
A. Reproduction  
B. Making food  
C. Growth  
D. Feeding
- The ability of the body to fight diseases is known as  
A. Immunity  
B. Deficiency  
C. Syndrome  
D. Acquired

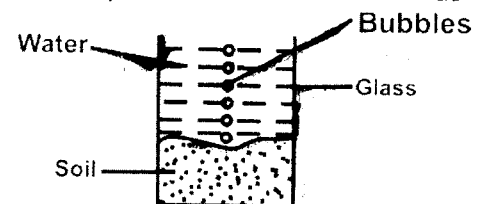
- Which one of the following shows a new moon?



- AIDS is a disease caused by  
A. Parasite  
B. Bacteria  
C. HIV  
D. Fungi
- The main source of light and heat is the  
A. Stars  
B. Sun  
C. Electricity  
D. Moon

- A spider has \_\_\_\_\_ legs.  
A. Eight  
B. Six  
C. Four  
D. Ten
- The second set of teeth in human beings is called  
A. Wisdom teeth  
B. Milk teeth  
C. Artificial teeth  
D. Permanent teeth
- Birds kept on the farm for eggs are called  
A. Broilers  
B. Pullets  
C. Layers  
D. Poultry
- Animals that feed mainly on meat are called  
A. Herbivores  
B. Carnivores  
C. Lions  
D. Omnivores

- The activity below shows that soil has



- A. Air  
B. Humus  
C. Water  
D. Mineral particles

11. The sending back of light by a mirror is called

- A. Reflection
- B. Absorption
- C. Shining
- D. Refraction

12. Farmers use \_\_\_\_\_ to control weeds on the farm.

- A. Pesticides
- B. Insecticides
- C. Herbicides
- D. Fungicides

13. A bottle top floats on water because of

- A. Shape
- B. Weight
- C. Material
- D. Size

14. Which one is an oil crop?

- A. Cassava
- B. Coconut
- C. Sisal
- D. Yams

15. Plants that grow where they are not wanted are called

- A. Crops
- B. Tubers
- C. Weeds
- D. Grass

16. Which one is a floater?

- A. Stone
- B. Feather
- C. Chalk dust
- D. Glass

17. Which one is an artificial source of light?

- A. Moon
- B. Sun
- C. Glow worm
- D. Candles

18. Watering of plants is known as

- A. Weeding
- B. Irrigation
- C. Ploughing
- D. Harvesting

19. \_\_\_\_\_ is a flightless bird.

- A. Ostrich
- B. Flamingo
- C. Pigeon
- D. Weaver bird

20. A butterfly has \_\_\_\_\_ wings.

- A. 6
- B. 2
- C. 4
- D. 8

21. Dark grey clouds are called \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Cumulus
- B. Stratus
- C. Cirrus
- D. Nimbus

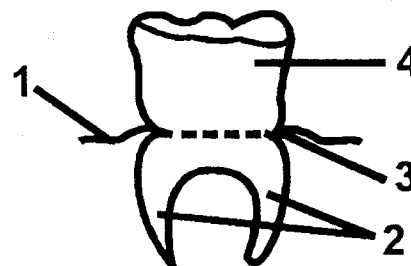
22. We use a \_\_\_\_\_ to drive nails into wood.

- A. Saw
- B. Hammer
- C. Shears
- D. Chisel

23. Shedding of teeth starts at the age of

- A. 6 years
- B. 2 years
- C. 20 years
- D. 12 years

Use the diagram below to answer questions 24 and 25.



24. Which number represents the crown?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

25. The tooth shown in the diagram is known as

- A. Molar
- B. Canine
- C. Premolar
- D. Incisor

26. A diet that contains all the three food groups is known as

- A. A mixed diet
- B. A balanced diet
- C. A good diet
- D. A proper diet

27. The second phase of the moon is called

- A. New moon
- B. Gibbous moon
- C. Crescent moon
- D. Full moon

28. Humus in the soil is made up of

- A. Mineral particles
- B. Dead plants and animals
- C. Water and air
- D. Air and dead plants

29. Which one of the following is a source of energy to the body?

- A. Green banana
- B. Carrot
- C. Beans
- D. Pawpaw

30. The space above the earth's surface is called

- A. Atmosphere
- B. Sky
- C. Weather
- D. Climate

31. Which one is a harmful animal?

- A. Dog
- B. Camel
- C. Termite
- D. Earthworm

32. \_\_\_\_\_ makes things become hot.

- A. Light
- B. Sound
- C. Heat
- D. Electricity

33. The soil that makes the longest ribbon is

- A. Sand
- B. Clay
- C. Loam
- D. Sand and clay

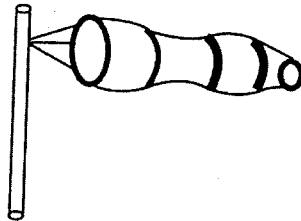
34. Which one of the following prevents simple tools from rusting?

- A. Oiling
- B. Cleaning
- C. Sharpening
- D. Replacing broken handles

35. We can use \_\_\_\_\_ to model cumulus clouds.

- A. Clay
- B. Plasticine
- C. Steel wool
- D. Cotton wool

36. The weather instrument below is called



- A. Wind vane
- B. Wind sock
- C. Rain gauge
- D. Thermometer

37. Letter D in the word AIDS means

- A. Lack of
- B. Disease
- C. Signs
- D. Death

38. Which weed below produces yellow flowers with a bad smell?

- A. Oxalis
- B. Back jack
- C. Mexican marigold
- D. Sodom apple

39. Which one is not a use of heat?

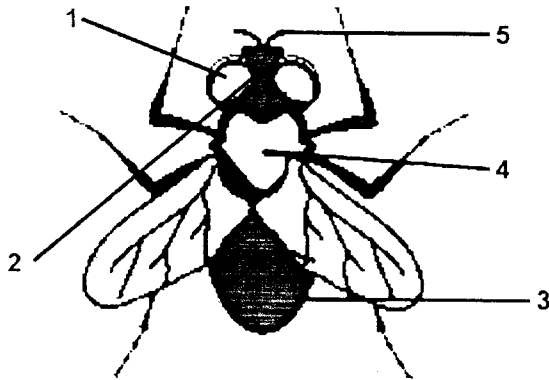
- A. Communication
- B. Cooking
- C. Drying clothes
- D. Warming

40. To investigate pressure in liquids is not needed.
- A. Tin
  - B. Water
  - C. Clay
  - D. Basin

41. Which animal changes colour to escape danger?
- A. Lady bird
  - B. Chameleon
  - C. Wasp
  - D. Housefly

42. Safe water for drinking should be
- A. Clean
  - B. Cold
  - C. Sweet
  - D. Boiled

*Use the diagram below to answer 43-45*



43. The sense organ of the insect is marked
- A. 5
  - B. 4
  - C. 2
  - D. 3

44. The part marked 4 is called
- A. Abdomen
  - B. Head
  - C. Eyes
  - D. Thorax

45. The insect shown above moves by
- A. Flying
  - B. Swimming
  - C. Crawling
  - D. Hopping

46. The best soil for farming is
- A. Loam
  - B. Sand
  - C. Clay
  - D. Loam and clay

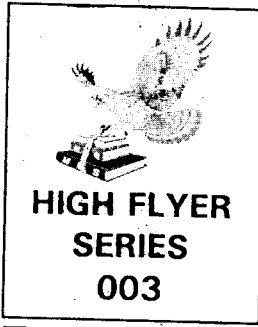
47. Doctors use a \_\_\_\_\_ to measure our body temperature.
- A. Wind sock
  - B. Thermometer
  - C. Beam balance
  - D. Weighing

48. Which body fluid does not carry HIV virus?
- A. Tears
  - B. Blood
  - C. Semen
  - D. Saliva

49. \_\_\_\_\_ gives us wool and mutton.
- A. Goats
  - B. Cattle
  - C. Poultry
  - D. Sheep

50. Which of the following animal feeds on decaying matter?
- A. House fly
  - B. Tick
  - C. Butter fly
  - D. locust





**JARIBIO LA MTHANI WA HIGH FLYER SERIES**  
**DARASA LA NNE – 2016**  
**LUGHA YA KISWAHILI**

Muda: Saa 1 dakika 40

**Chagua jibu sahihi kujaza pengo la 1 hadi 15**

Uzuri 1 elimu ni 2 . Kwanza, mtu aliyenda shuleni na kupata elimu hujua kusoma 3 kuandika. Yeye 4 kuwasiliana na watu wengine vizuri. Masomo humpatia mtu uwezo wa kutambua mambo 5 . Mwanafunzi kwa mfano, hujisomea hadithi 6 kuisimua kutoka kwenye 7 mbalimbali. Baada ya kuhitimu masomo mtu 8 kazi au hata kujajiri mwenyewe. Ajira humpatia binadamu 9 za kuendeleza shughuli zake. Mtu 10 elimu pia hujua jinsi 11 kujikinga kutokana na magonjwa. Yeye hanywi maji 12 kwa hivyo si rahisi kuugua ugonjwa wa 13 ambapo pia huambukizwa kwa kula vyakula vichafu. Kama mtu amelimika anajua umuhimu wa kuwa 14 . Yeye huwa nadhifu hawezi kunuka 15 kama mzoga.

- |                 |              |             |                 |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. wa        | B. ya        | C. la       | D. cha          |
| 2. A. nyingi    | B. mengi     | C. mwingi   | D. jingi        |
| 3. A. wala      | B. ya        | C. kwa      | D. na           |
| 4. A. huweza    | B. hawezi    | C. hakuweza | D. hajaweza     |
| 5. A. jingi     | B. nyingi    | C. mwingi   | D. mengi        |
| 6. A. za        | B. wa        | C. la       | D. mwa          |
| 7. A. mikoba    | B. vitabu    | C. shanta   | D. majilisi     |
| 8. A. hufutwa   | B. huajiriwa | C. huingia  | D. huona        |
| 9. A. pesa      | B. karo      | C. akili    | D. upendo       |
| 10. A. yenye    | B. mwenye    | C. chenye   | D. lenye        |
| 11. A. wa       | B. kwa       | C. ya       | D. la           |
| 12. A. chafu    | B. mchafu    | C. machafu  | D. kichafu      |
| 13. A. kichocho | B. kifafa    | C. malale   | D. kipindupindu |
| 14. A. safi     | B. msafi     | C. mchafu   | D. chafu        |
| 15. A. fyu!     | B. ti!       | C. fe!      | D. pu!          |

**Kutoka swali la 16 hadi 30, jibu swali kulingana na maagizo uliyopewa**

16. Mtoto wa ndege au nyuni huitwa  
 A. Kifaranga      B. Kiyoyo  
 C. Kinda            D. Shibli
17. Andika sentensi ifuatayo kwa wingi  
 Mtoto wangu haendi shuleni leo  
 A. Watoto wangu hawaendi shuleni leo  
 B. Watoto wenu hawaendi shuleni leo  
 C. Watoto wako hawaendi shileni leo  
 D. Watoto wetu hawaendi shuleni leo
18. Ugonjwa unaomfanya mgonjwa kukojoa damu huitwa  
 A. Kichocho  
 B. Malale  
 C. Pepopunda  
 D. Homa ya matumbo
19. Ukisalimiwa hujambo utajibu  
 A. Marahaba  
 B. Hatujambo  
 C. Binuru  
 D. Sijambo

20. Kamilisha methali:

\_\_\_\_\_ hauna mfupa

- A. Mdomo
- B. Mkono
- C. Mgongo
- D. Ulimi

21. Ni nini kinyume cha nuna

- A. Cheka
- B. Lia
- C. Tabasamu
- D. Ongea

22. Chagua sentensi iliyo sahihi

- A. Mandizi haya yameiva
- B. Kalamu imevunjika
- C. Kiwavi kimekufa
- D. Chai kimemwagika

23. Mama amenunua chungu cha \_\_\_\_\_  
chakula

- A. Kupikiwa
- B. Kupika
- C. Kupikia
- D. Kupikwa

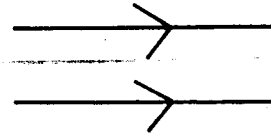
24. Ni nini umoja wa: Magari haya ni mazuri

- A. Gari hili ni nzuri
- B. Magari haya ni mazuri
- C. Gari hili ni mzuri
- D. Gai hili ni zuri

25. Andika nambari hizi kwa tarakimu Elfu nne na nne

- A. 40,004
- B. 44,004
- C. 4004
- D. 4040

26. Umbo hili ni:



- A. Wimbi
- B. Mistari sambamba
- C. Zigizagi
- D. Mche

27. Kamilisha

Kuna vikombe \_\_\_\_\_ kabatini?

- A. ngapi
- B. vingapi
- C. mingapi
- D. wangapi

28. Kanusha sentensi: Mtoto amekula embe

- A. Mtoto hajakula embe
- B. Mtoto hali embe
- C. Mtoto hajala embe
- D. Mtoto hatakula embe

29. Mimi ni suruari fupi, watu huniita kaptura pia ninaitwa

- A. Kanchiri
- B. Bombo
- C. Gagro
- D. Kizibau

30. Ikiwa leo ni Jumamosi, mtondo kutakuwa siku gani?

- A. Jumanne
- B. Jumatatu
- C. Jumatano
- D. Jumatili

**Soma ufahamu ufuatao kisha ujibu swali la 31 hadi 40**

Kilimo ni uti wa mgongo wa taifa letu. Kenya ni nchi inayotegemea kilimo mno kulisha wananchi. Wakulima nchini wana bidii mno. Wao hupata mazao kama vile maharagwe, mboga, matunda, mawe, ndizi, wimbi na mengine.

Kilimo ni aina mbili. Kwanza kuna ukulima wa kukuza mimea kama vile mihindi, mikorosho, mipunga, miwele na miharagwe. Pili kuna ukulima wa kufuga wanyama kama mbuzi, sungura, ng'ombe, kondoo na wengine. Wakulima pia hufuga ndege. Mfano wa ndege wanaofugwa nyumbani ni kuku na bata.

Biashara nyingi huendelezwa kwa sababu ya ukulima. Vyakula vinavyouzwa hotelini na madukani huwa vimevunwa mashambani na kisha vikapelekwa viwandani vinakotengenezwa

vikaweza kuliwa vikiwa vya aina mbambali. Je, unajua vyakula kama vile biskuti, mikate, kaimati na keki hutengenezwa kwa kutumia unga wa ngano.

Kila mtu anafaa kuimarisha ukulima. Ikiwa wewe si mkulima watie wakulima moyo ili nchi yetu iendelee kupata chakula cha kutosha.

31. Wakulima waliotajwa katika taarifa hii ni wa nchi gani?  
A. Uganda  
B. Kenya  
C. Somalia  
D. Tanzania
32. Mnyama gani hafugwi nyumbani  
A. Ng'ombe B. Mbuzi  
C. Ngiri D. Kondoo
33. Je, mmea wa mpunga hutupatia zao gani?  
A. Mawele  
B. Majani  
C. Mtama  
D. Mchele
34. Unga wa ngano hautumiwi kutengeneza  
A. Mkate  
B. Biskuti  
C. Kaukau  
D. Kaimati
35. Mwandishi ametaja ndege aina ngapi katika ufahamu huu:  
A. Mbili  
B. Tatu  
C. Moja  
D. Hakuna
36. Ikiwa wewe si mkulima unafaa kufanya nini kulingana na ufahamu huu?  
A. Kuwadharau wakulima  
B. Kuwatia wakulima moyo  
C. Kuwacheka wakulima  
D. Kukaa mbali na wakulima
37. Wakulima nchini Kenya \_\_\_  
A. Ni wavivu sana  
B. Wengi ni wavuvi  
C. Hawapendi kufuga wanyama  
D. Wana bidii mno
38. Ni ukulima wa aina gani umetajwa  
A. Kufuga wanyama, kukuza mimea  
B. Kufuga nyuki, kufuga ndege  
C. Kukuza mimea, kufuga samaki  
D. Kufuga samaki, kufuga nyuki
39. Wakulima hupanda mimea yao \_\_\_  
A. Dukani  
B. Shuleni  
C. Shambani  
D. Viwandani
40. Kichwa kizuri zaidi cha ufahamu huu ni:  
A. Ukulima  
B. Viwandani  
C. Mimea  
D. Nchi yetu

**Soma ufahamu ufuatao kisha ujibu swali la 41-50**

Jumamosi ya juma lililopita, ilikuwa siku ya kufana sana. Siku hiyo sitaisahau maishani mwangu. Rafiki yangu alinalika katika sherehe ya kukumbuka siku ya kuzaliwa kwake.

Nilifika nyumbani kwao saa sita mchana. Tayari wageni walikuwa wameanza kufika. Rafiki yangu Bahati alifurahi sana aliponiya. Alinikaribisha kwa mikonò miwili.

Tulingia sebuleni tukapata kumepambwa kwa vibofu na maua ya zambarau. Makochi yao yalipendeza mno. Ukutani mwa sebule kulikuwa kumetundikwa picha ya Bahati na wazazi wake.

Baada ya dakika chache, tulikaribishwa na mama wa Bahati na baadaye akatuandalia meza tukaanza kula. Kulikuwa na chapati, kuku, vibanzi, kaukau, soseji na vinywaji mbalimbali.

Tulipomaliza kula, tuficheza muziki uliovuma kutoka kwenye redio. Wazazi wa Bahati walipiga makofi huku kifa mtoto aliyealikwa akicheza kulingana na uwezo wake.

Baadaye Bahati alipatiwa zawadi kochokocho. Mimi nilimpatia mkufu wa dhahabu na bangili mbili zilizometameta. Wazazi wake walimpatia baiskeli mpya. Mwisho kabisa tulikata keki huku tukimwambia Bahati nyimbo za kusherehekea siku hiyo ya kuzaliwa kwake.

41. Sherehe aliyozungumzia mwandishi wa taarifa hii ilikuwa ya siku gani?  
A. Ijumaa  
B. Jumapili  
C. Jumamosi  
D. Jumanne
42. Kwa nini mwandishi hataisahau siku hiyo?  
A. Ilikuwa na zawadi nyingi  
B. Ilikuwa ya kufana sana  
C. Rafiki yake alikata keti  
D. Aliondoka nyumbani kwao
43. Bahati alimkaribisha vipi rafiki yake  
A. Kwa mikono miwili  
B. Kwa kumpatia sharubati  
C. Alimpatia baiskeli yake aendeshe  
D. Alimpa maua mengi
44. Sherehe alifanyika wapi ?  
A. Uwanjani  
B. Hamamuni  
C. Jikoni  
D. Sebuleni
45. Mwandishi alimpatia rafiki yake  
A. Baiskeli na maua ya zambarau  
B. Baiskeli na mkufu  
C. Bangili na mkufu  
D. Mkufu na baiskeli mpya
46. Jina jingine la sherehe ni \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Kalamu  
B. Harusi  
C. Zawadi  
D. Karamu
47. Muziki ulivuma kutoka wapi?  
A. Kwa jirani  
B. Redioni  
C. Kwenye runinga  
D. Haijulikani
48. Chakula gani hakikutajwa katika taarifa hii:  
A. Keki  
B. Vibanzi  
C. Chapati  
D. Samaki
49. Ikiwa leo ni siku aliyozaliwa Bahati je, unadhani atakuwa na sherehe ya kuikumbuka siku ya kuzaliwa kwake lini?  
A. Baada ya mwezi mmoja  
B. Baada ya juma moja  
C. Baada ya mwaka mmoja  
D. Kabla ya mwaka mmoja
50. Kichwa cha taarifa hii ni:  
A. Juma lililopita  
B. Bahati na keki  
C. Muziki nyumbani  
D. Siku ambayo sitaisahau



# HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION

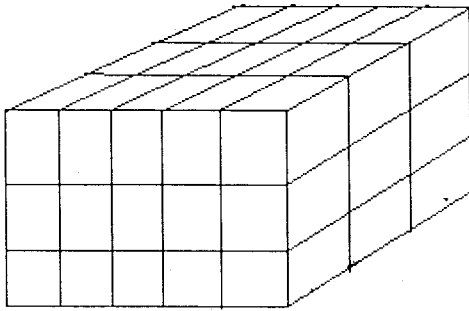
## STANDARD FOUR – 2016

### MATHS

Time: 1 hour 40 minutes

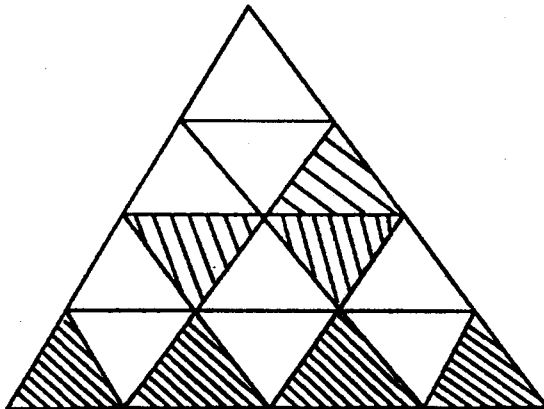
- Write 40080 in words
  - Four hundred and eighty thousand
  - Forty thousand eight hundred
  - Forty thousand and eighty
  - Forty thousand and eight
- What is the place value of 8 in 4860?
  - Ones
  - Thousands
  - Tens
  - Hundreds
- What is the total value of digit 3 in the numeral 37861?
  - 300000
  - 30000
  - 3000
  - 300
- What is the next multiple of 8 after 64?
  - 56
  - 72
  - 80
  - 70
- Work out  $15 \times \dots = 135$ 
  - 9
  - 5
  - 7
  - 8
- Which of the following is an odd number?
  - 373
  - 974
  - 176
  - 578
- What is  $\frac{1}{3}$  of 24?
  - 7
  - 9
  - 8
  - 6
- Work out  $828 \div 18 =$ 
  - 64
  - 36
  - 44
  - 46
- What is the sum of 318, 26 and 8465?
  - 8809
  - 8709
  - 8808
  - 8708
- Which of these numbers below is divisible by 2, 5 and 10?
  - 205
  - 305
  - 250
  - 255
- Kirwa had sh 48880. He used sh 22990. How much was he left with?
  - Sh 26,890
  - Sh 25,890
  - Sh 25,990
  - Sh 35890
- Work out  $133 \times 4 \times 0$ 
  - 532
  - 432
  - 5320
  - 0
- Add  $\frac{7}{18} + \frac{9}{18} =$ 
  - $\frac{2}{18}$
  - $\frac{16}{18}$
  - $\frac{17}{18}$
  - $\frac{15}{18}$
- Which of the following fractions is improper?
  - $\frac{7}{12}$
  - $\frac{3}{11}$
  - $\frac{8}{5}$
  - $\frac{11}{13}$

15. How many cubes were used to make the stack below?



- A. 60  
B. 54  
C. 36  
D. 45
16. Arrange the following numbers from the smallest to the largest  
3033, 3300, 3303, 3330
- A. 3330, 3303, 3300, 3033  
B. 3033, 3300, 3303, 3330  
C. 3303, 3300, 3330, 3033  
D. 3300, 3033, 3303, 3330

17. What fraction is shaded in the figure below?



- A.  $\frac{8}{16}$   
B.  $\frac{9}{16}$   
C.  $\frac{7}{16}$   
D.  $\frac{6}{15}$
18. Which fraction below is equivalent to  $\frac{1}{3}$ ?
- A.  $\frac{5}{20}$   
B.  $\frac{11}{13}$   
C.  $\frac{3}{5}$   
D.  $\frac{4}{12}$
19. Which fraction below is the greatest?
- A.  $\frac{1}{4}$   
B.  $\frac{1}{2}$   
C.  $\frac{1}{3}$   
D.  $\frac{1}{9}$

20. Write in figures: Three eighths
- A.  $\frac{3}{8}$   
B. 38  
C.  $\frac{3}{18}$   
D.  $\frac{3}{80}$

21. Work out  
 $48090 - 24938$
- A. 23152  
B. 22152  
C. 23162  
D. 33152

22. What is the next number in the pattern below?  
12, 15, 18, 21, 24, \_\_\_\_\_
- A. 29  
B. 25  
C. 26  
D. 27

23. In a farm there are goats and sheep only. If all the animals are 3012 and there are 1785 goats, how many sheep are there?
- A. 1237  
B. 1227  
C. 1327  
D. 4797

24. Work out  
 $88 \times 8$
- A. 704  
B. 694  
C. 644  
D. 684

25. A seventh of 42 is \_\_\_\_\_
- A. 6  
B. 7  
C. 5  
D. 8

26. Work out  
 $43 \div 8$
- A. 8 rem 5  
B. 3 rem 5  
C. 6 rem 3  
D. 5 rem 3

27. What is the total value of 5 in 3.65?
- A. 0.05  
B. 0.5  
C. 5  
D. 0.005

28. What is  $41/100$  as a decimal?

- A. 41.0
- B. 4.1
- C. 0.41
- D. 0.041

29. What is the next multiple of 9 after 72?

- A. 63
- B. 81
- C. 90
- D. 99

30. Which of the following digits is in the place value of hundredths in the number 456.17?

- A. 4
- B. 5
- C. 7
- D. 1

31. Which of the groups below consists of multiples of 6?

- A. 6, 12, 18, 22
- B. 30, 36, 42, 49
- C. 24, 30, 38, 42
- D. 42, 48, 54, 60

32. Work out

$$4.2 + 16.1 + 8.079$$

- A. 28.379
- B. 27.379
- C. 28.279
- D. 28.369

33. Eleven girls shared 85 balloons equally. How many balloons remained?

- A. 8
- B. 3
- C. 7
- D. 2

34. Work out

M	cm
7	4 5
+ 2	9 0

- A. 9m 35cm
- B. 10m 35cm
- C. 9m 45cm
- D. 10m 45cm

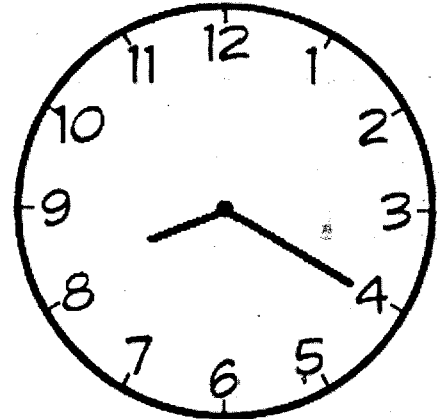
35. What is the perimeter of a square whose side is 16cm?

- A. 4
- B. 48
- C. 32
- D. 64

36. What is the sum of even numbers between 25 and 35?

- A. 116
- B. 174
- C. 150
- D. 148

37. What is the time shown on the clock face below?

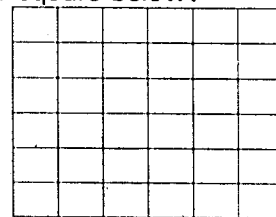


- A. Twenty minutes past 8 o'clock
- B. Twenty minutes to 4 o'clock
- C. Twenty minutes past 9 o'clock
- D. Twenty five minutes past 8 o'clock

38. A packet holds 20 pieces of chalk. How many pieces are in 18 packets?

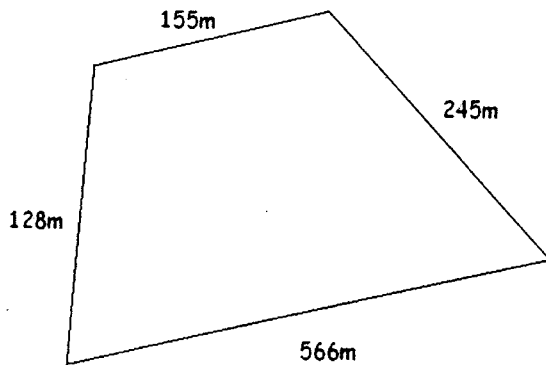
- A. 38
- B. 160
- C. 360
- D. 320

39. How many small squares are there in the square below?



- A. 42
- B. 36
- C. 30
- D. 48

40. What is the perimeter of the figure below?



- A. 994  
B. 1074  
C. 1084  
D. 1094
41. How many  $\frac{1}{4}$  litre packets will fill a 4 litre container?  
A. 1  
B. 16  
C. 8  
D. 12
42. How many sh 5 coins are there in sh.200 note?  
A. 4  
B. 60  
C. 40  
D. 80
43. How many days are in 2 weeks 4 days?  
A. 24  
B. 14  
C. 20  
D. 18
44. Isabella had 12 oranges. She ate  $\frac{1}{4}$  of them, how many remained?  
A. 9  
B. 3  
C. 8  
D. 10
45. A woman is paid sh 150 per day. How much will she get in 6 days?  
A. Sh 1200  
B. Sh 900  
C. Sh 750  
D. Sh 25

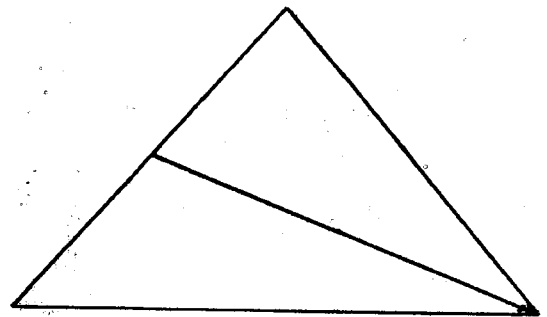
46. A tank is  $\frac{13}{15}$  full of water. If  $\frac{8}{15}$  is removed, what fraction of water remains?  
A.  $\frac{4}{15}$   
B.  $\frac{7}{15}$   
C.  $\frac{5}{13}$   
D.  $\frac{5}{15}$

47. How many days are there in the months of April, May and June?  
A. 89  
B. 90  
C. 91  
D. 92

48. 5 metres is equal to \_\_\_\_\_ centimetres?  
A. 5000  
B. 500  
C. 50  
D. 5

49. How many months are in 6 years?  
A. 72  
B. 180  
C. 42  
D. 60

50. How many triangles are in the figure below?



- A. 3  
B. 2  
C. 1  
D. 4





22. God hates proud people but loves the \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. humble                      B. good  
 C. kind                         D. cruel
23. The exam begins today and \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow  
 A. starts                        B. ends  
 C. stop                         D. end

**For questions 24 – 27 below write one word for the given words**

24. A place where milk is sold \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. diary                        B. daily  
 C. farm                         D. dairy
25. Car, bus taxi, lorry \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Vehicles                    B. Matatus  
 C. Transport                  D. Garage
26. Chair, table, bed \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Furnitures                 B. Furniture  
 C. Woodens                    D. Things

27. One who cures the sick \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Nurse  
 B. Surgeon  
 C. Doctor  
 D. Healer

**Write the past tense of these words**

28. Catch \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Caught  
 B. Caught  
 C. Catches  
 D. Catch
29. Put \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Puted                        B. Putted  
 C. Put                         D. Puts
30. Bring \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Brought  
 B. Bringing  
 C. Brot  
 D. Braught

**Read the passage below then answer the questions that follow**

There was once a farmer called Nguma who lived in a small village. He had five children. He was poor and found it hard to feed his family.

One day a rich man gave him a hen. It laid a golden egg every day. He sold the golden egg everyday and got a lot of money. Soon he became very rich. Everybody respected him in the village.

He became greedy. He thought that inside the hen there were many golden eggs. He took a sharp knife and slaughtered it. But inside there were no eggs! He became poor again.

31. The poor man was called \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Ngumba  
 B. Nguma  
 C. Ngoma  
 D. I don't know
32. He lived in a \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Village  
 B. Town  
 C. Cave  
 D. Forest
33. He found it hard to feed his \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Family  
 B. Dogs  
 C. Village  
 D. Himself
34. The hen laid a \_\_\_\_\_ egg  
 A. Silver  
 B. Yellow  
 C. Sweet  
 D. Golden
35. What did he do with the eggs? He \_\_\_\_\_ them  
 A. Sold  
 B. Ate  
 C. Bought  
 D. Gave away
36. Soon he became \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. poor                         B. big  
 C. rich                         D. great

37. He slaughtered the hen with a sharp

- A. knife                      B. panga  
C. sword                      D. spear

38. Were there eggs inside the hen?

- A. yes                      B. no  
C. a few                      D. a lot

39. We can say the man was

- A. Greedy  
B. Not greedy  
C. Clever  
D. Selling hens

40. To slaughter a hen is to \_\_\_\_\_ it

- A. cook                      B. boil  
C. roast                      D. kill

**Read the passage below then answer the questions**

One afternoon, a little boy had lost his kitten. He looked for it under his bed. He looked all over his house but it was not there. Then he looked for his kitten in the garden but could not find it.

The little boy was tired. Then he saw his neighbor Mrs. Hari. He asked her if his kitten was in her house. "Oh, yes she is. She is chewing a chicken bone," She said.

The little boy climbed the fence and saw his kitten. It was chewing a bone. He was so happy. His pet had not got lost but had gone to a neighbour to eat. He went and took it back home and gave it some milk and fish.

41. The kitten got lost one

- A. Morning  
B. Night  
C. Afternoon  
D. Evening

42. A kitten is a young

- A. dog                      B. cat  
C. cow                      D. horse

43. The boy looked for his kitten

- A. On the shelf  
B. Under the bed  
C. In the church  
D. In the forest

44. The cat was at \_\_\_\_\_ house

- A. Mrs. Haris  
B. Mrs. Koome  
C. Farmer's  
D. Teacher's

45. The boy became \_\_\_\_\_ after looking for his kitten everywhere

- A. hungry                      B. tired  
C. happy                      D. glad

46. The kitten was

- A. Resting  
B. Sleeping  
C. Chewing a bone  
D. Playing

47. He was so \_\_\_\_\_ when he found his pet

- A. sad                      B. angry  
C. sweet                      D. happy

48. Who said, 'Oh yes .....' ?

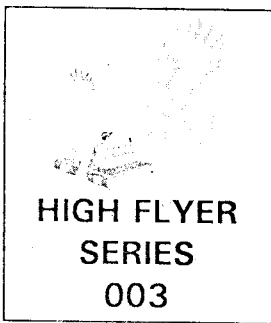
- A. The kitten  
B. Mrs. Hari  
C. The little boy  
D. Nobody

49. The boy climbed the \_\_\_\_\_ to see his pet

- A. wall                      B. fence  
C. bridge                      D. roof

50. He took it home and gave it

- A. Milk and rice  
B. Fish and chips  
C. Fish and ugali  
D. Milk and fish



# HIGH FLYER TRIAL EXAM 2016

## STANDARD FOUR

### MARKING SCHEME

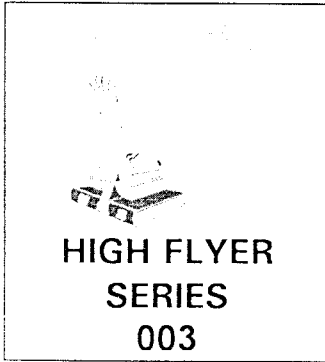
ENGLISH	KISWAHILI	MATHS	SCIENCE	SOCIAL STUDIES		
1. A	1. A	1. C	1. B	1. B	51. A	<b>I.R.E</b> 1. D 2. D 3. D 4. B 5. A 6. A 7. D 8. C 9. D 10. B 11. D 12. A 13. C 14. B 15. D 16. D 17. A 18. C 19. B 20. D 21. A 22. C 23. A 24. D 25. A 26. C 27. D 28. B 29. A 30. B
2. C	2. C	2. D	2. A	2. A	52. D	
3. B	3. D	3. B	3. D	3. D	53. A	
4. D	4. A	4. B	4. C	4. C	54. A	
5. C	5. D	5. A	5. B	5. C	55. C	
6. A	6. A	6. A	6. A	6. A	56. B	
7. C	7. B	7. C	7. D	7. A	57. C	
8. D	8. B	8. D	8. C	8. C	58. A	
9. B	9. A	9. A	9. B	9. C	59. A	
10. B	10. D	10. C	10. A	10. C	60. C	
11. A	11. C	11. B	11. A	11. D		
12. B	12. C	12. D	12. C	12. B		
13. C	13. D	13. B	13. A	13. B	<b>C.R.E</b>	
14. D	14. A	14. C	14. B	14. D	61. C	
15. C	15. C	15. D	15. C	15. B	62. C	
16. D	16. C	16. B	16. B	16. C	63. A	
17. C	17. D	17. C	17. D	17. A	64. C	
18. B	18. A	18. D	18. B	18. C	65. D	
19. A	19. D	19. B	19. A	19. A	66. A	
20. D	20. D	20. A	20. C	20. D	67. A	
21. C	21. C	21. A	21. D	21. D	68. A	
22. A	22. B	22. D	22. B	22. C	69. A	
23. B	23. C	23. B	23. A	23. C	70. D	
24. D	24. D	24. A	24. D	24. A	71. A	
25. A	25. C	25. A	25. C	25. B	72. D	
26. B	26. B	26. D	26. B	26. C	73. D	
27. C	27. B	27. A	27. C	27. A	74. B	
28. B	28. C	28. C	28. B	28. C	75. B	
29. C	29. B	29. B	29. A	29. B	76. A	
30. A	30. A	30. C	30. A	30. D	77. D	
31. B	31. B	31. D	31. C	31. B	78. B	
32. A	32. C	32. A	32. C	32. D	79. C	
33. A	33. D	33. A	33. B	33. A	80. D	
34. D	34. C	34. B	34. A	34. D	81. A	
35. A	35. A	35. D	35. D	35. C	82. A	
36. C	36. B	36. C	36. B	36. D	83. C	
37. A	37. D	37. A	37. A	37. C	84. A	
38. B	38. A	38. C	38. C	38. D	85. D	
39. A	39. C	39. B	39. A	39. A	86. A	
40. D	40. A	40. D	40. D	40. C	87. C	
41. C	41. C	41. B	41. B	41. D	88. D	
42. B	42. B	42. C	42. D	42. B	89. B	
43. B	43. A	43. D	43. A	43. A	90. C	
44. A	44. D	44. A	44. D	44. C		
45. B	45. C	45. B	45. A	45. D		
46. C	46. D	46. D	46. A	46. D		
47. D	47. B	47. C	47. B	47. C		
48. B	48. D	48. B	48. A	48. B		
49. B	49. C	49. A	49. D	49. A		
50. D	50. D	50. A	50. A	50. B		

# JARIBIO LA MTHANI WA HIGH FLYER SERIES

DARASA LA NNE – 2016

KISWAHILI – SEHEMU YA PILI

INSHA



Muda: Dakika 40

JINA LAKO

JINA LA  
SHULE YAKO

## SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI

1. Kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa hapo juu andika **namba yako kamili** ya mthani, jina lako na jina la shule yako.
2. Sasa fungua karatasi hii, soma kichwa **cha insha** kwa makini na uandike insha yako kwenye nafasi zilizoacha.

Kijitabu hiki kina kurasa nne zimepigwa chapa.









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